

THE
"OVERLAND CHINA MAIL"
(PUBLISHED EVERY
MAIL DAY.)
Contains the Week's News
of Hongkong and the
Far East.
Price (including Postage) to any
part of the world \$15
per annum.

The China Mail.

ESTABLISHED 1845

AGENTS
Orders for the "CHINA MAIL"
and "OVERLAND CHINA MAIL"
may be made by any agent of
the following firms:-
Canton, Patten & Co.
Fookchow, Shooker & Co.
Shanghai, Kelly & Walsh Ltd.
Yokohama, Kelly & Walsh Ltd.
Manila, A.S. Watson & Co. Ltd.

No. 16,441.

號九十月正年六十百九千壹英

HONGKONG, WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 19, 1916.

卯乙亥歲年四國民華中

PRICE, \$3.00 Per Month

A. S. WATSON & CO., LTD.

Wine & Spirit Merchants
ESTABLISHED 74 YEARS

Agents for-

W. & A. GILBEY'S
WINE & SPIRITS.

JOHN DEWAR & SON'S
SCOTCH WHISKY.

JOHN JEFFREY & CO.'S
PILSENER BEER.



NOTICE.

ANY EUROPEAN, NON ASIATIC or
INDIAN desiring to leave the
Colony should apply in writing for
permission to do so to the Captain Super-
intendent of Police, at least 48 hours
before the intended hour of departure,
giving name, nationality, age, sex, height
and occupation of the applicant, and
stating the name of the steamer or other
vessel or the hours of the train by which
the applicant wishes to leave. Applicants
should apply in person for their passes at
the Central Police Station between the
hours of 9 a.m. to 1 p.m. and 2 p.m. to
4 p.m. daily.

PEAK TRAMWAYS COMPANY, LIMITED.

TIME TABLE.

WEEK DAYS.
7.00 a.m. to 8.00 a.m. Every 15 minutes.
8.00 a.m. to 10.00 a.m. Every 10 minutes.
10.00 a.m. to 11.00 a.m. Every 15 minutes.
11.30 a.m. to 12.45 p.m. Every 15 minutes.
12.45 p.m. to 1.15 p.m. Every 10 minutes.
1.15 p.m. to 1.45 p.m. Every 10 minutes.
1.45 p.m. to 2.15 p.m. Every 10 minutes.
2.15 p.m. to 5.00 p.m. Every 10 minutes.
5.00 p.m. to 8.10 p.m. Every 10 minutes.

NIGHT CASE.
8.50 p.m. and 9 p.m. 9.30 p.m. to 11.00
p.m. every half hour.
11.00 p.m. to 11.45 p.m. every quarter of
an hour.

SUNDAY.

7.45 a.m. to 10.30 a.m. Every 15 minutes.
10.30 a.m. to 11.00 a.m. Every 10 minutes.
11.30 a.m. to 12 Noon. Every 15 minutes.
12.00 Noon to 1.00 p.m. Every 10 minutes.
1.00 p.m. to 5.00 p.m. Every 15 minutes.
5.00 p.m. to 8.00 p.m. Every 15 minutes.
8.00 p.m. to 8.10 p.m. Every 10 minutes.
8.10 p.m. to 8.40 p.m. Every 10 minutes.

NIGHT CASES on Week Days.

Extra Car at 12 midnight.

SPECIAL CARS by arrangement at the
Company's Office, Alexandra Bazaar,
Des Voeux Road Central.

Season and punch tickets available for
all cars not already full running at the
time stated in the Company's time tables,
but not for special cars, can be obtained
on application at the Company's Office.
No Season ticket will be issued until
payment therefor has been made in Bank
Notes or by Cheque or Comproadore order
representing Bank Notes.

JOHN D. HUMPHREYS & SON
General Managers.

NORTH BRITISH & MERCANTILE INSURANCE CO.

IN WHICH ARE VERIFIED THE CLAIMS OF
THE OCEAN MARINE INSURANCE
COMPANY, LTD.

THE RAILWAY PASSENGERS ASSURANCE CO.

TOTAL FUNDS AS 31st DECEMBER, 1914.
£23,970,367.
I—Authorized Capital £8,000,000
Subscribed Capital £4,500,000
Paid-up Capital £2,437,500
II—Fire Funds £3,827,047
III—Life & Annuity Funds £17,567,590
Sinking Fund Account £23,230

Revenue Fire Branch £2,381,456
Life and Annuity £2,141,593
Branches £37,239
Revenue Marine Department £478,940
Other Receipts £48,530,223

The Accumulative Funds of the various
Branches are separately invested, and by
Act of Parliament, are not liable to meet
the claims under the respective Depart-
ments of the Company's Business.

SHEWAN, TOMES & CO.
Agents.

If you happen to be late four meals will
be courteously and promptly served
at the "China Mail" only at the ALEXAN-
DRA CAFE.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

W. S. BAILEY & Co., Ltd.

ENGINEERS and SHIPBUILDERS.
BOILERMAKERS, BLACKSMITHS and FOUNDERS
REPAIRS OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.
SOLE AGENTS KELVIN MOTORS.
STEAM LAUNCH FOR SALE.

A. S. WATSON & CO., LTD.

CONFECTIONERY

Selections of the Purest and finest quality
Imported from the Leading
LONDON and NEW YORK HOUSES

CADBURY'S CHOCOLATES
in fancy boxes.

TOM SMITH'S & CALEY'S
CRACKERS.

Special Designs for Table Decorations.

A. S. WATSON & Co., Ltd. HONGKONG DISPENSARY.

J. ULLMANN & Co.

The French Jewellery House

WATCHES
JEWELLERY
DIAMONDS

EVERYTHING IN GOLD & SILVER

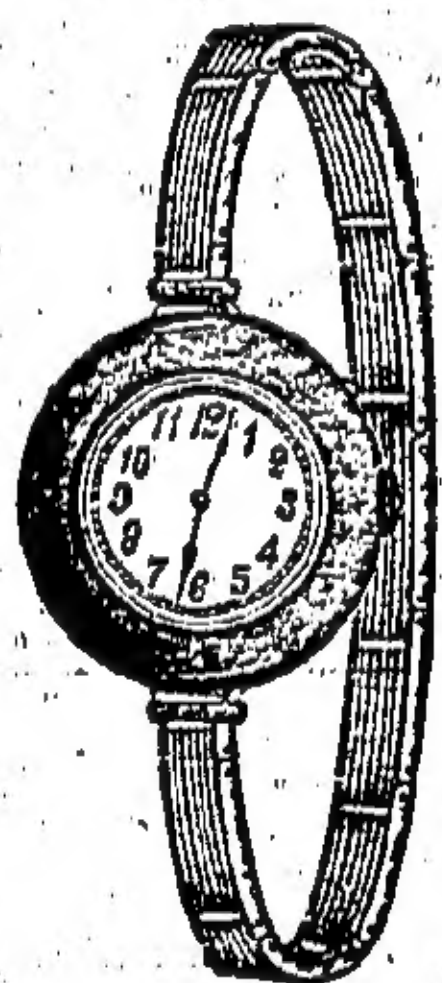
WARE

CUT GLASS & FANCY GOODS

The place for

USEFUL

PRESENT.



THE HONGKONG ROPE MANUFACTURING Co., Ltd.

Established 1893

MANUFACTURERS OF

PURE Manila ROPE

STRAID 1" to 15"
CABLE LAD 5" to 15"
4 STRAND 3" to 10"

Oil Drilling Cables of any size up to 3,000 feet in length.

Please, Samples and full particulars will be forwarded on application to
Shewan Tomes & Co., General Managers.

Hongkong, April 11, 1911.

"MUMEYA"

"While-you-wait" Photography.
JUST ARRIVED FROM JAPAN A FULLY QUALIFIED ARTIST WITH
APPARATUS AND MATERIALS WHICH CAN FINISH
IN AN HOUR.

PRICE 200 per 3 pcs. on Post Cards.

No. 21 Queen's Road Central.

TELE. No. 451.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

THE TAIKOO DOCKYARD AND

ENGINEERING CO. OF
HONGKONG LTD.

TAIKOO DOCKYARD, HONGKONG.

SHIPBUILDERS, SALVORS AND REPAIRERS. BOILERMAKERS, FURF-
MASTERS, BRASS AND IRON FOUNDERS, CONSTRUCTIONAL,
ELECTRICAL AND MECHANICAL ENGINEERS.
WELDING AND CUTTING OF METALS BY OXY-ACETYLENE
AND ELECTRIC SYSTEMS.

Estimates given for quick construction and repair of Ships, Engines, Boilers, Railway
Rolling Stock, Bridges, and all Classes of Engineering, Iron and Wood Work.

GRAVING DOCK 737' x 88' x 34'
Pumps empty Dock in 2-3/4 hours.

THREE PATENT SHIPWAYS having capacity up to 3,000 tons displacement
providing cond' ions for painting ships with most efficient results.

60-Ton ELECTRIC CRANE ON QUAY—ELECTRIC OVERHEAD CRANES
throughout the Works ranging up to 100 Tons.
80-Ton Hydraulic TESTING MACHINE for Chains, Wire Ropes, Rivets, etc.

AGENTS FOR:-

JOHN L. THORNYCROFT & CO., LTD.

PETROL & KEROSENE MARINE MOTORS 7-1/2 to 150 H.P.

As supplied to the British Admiralty and War Office.

MOTOR VESSELS, LIGHT DRAFT CARRIERS, GUNBOATS,
LAUNCHES, HOUSEBOATS, PLEASURE CRAFT OF EVERY
DESCRIPTION.

MOTOR PUMPING & LIGHTING SETS, MOTOR VEHICLES, etc.

Dockyard Manager can be seen between the hours of 11 a.m. and 12 noon at the
Town Office.

BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE

HONGKONG, CANTON AND JAPAN AGENTS.

Telegraphic Address:- "TAIKOODOCK."

Telephone No. 219.

SPECIAL OFFER.

Reduced Price 50 cents.

"A SCOUT IN FAIRYLAND"

"JOHN IN HONGKONG"

A local Fairy Story entirely produced in Hongkong, with topical illustrations
for the benefit of the Prince of Wales' Fund.

ON SALE AT:-

Messrs. Wm. Powell, Ltd.,

Messrs. Wiseman, Ltd.,

Messrs. Kelly and Walsh, Ltd.,

Messrs. Whiteaway, Laidlaw & Co., Ltd.

and The China Mail, Ltd.

THE HONGKONG HOTEL

AND

GRILL ROOM

J. B. TAGGART,

MANAGER.

PEAK HOTEL.

ADMIRABLY SITUATED AT VICTORIA GAP.

Adjoining the Tramway Terminus, 1,400 feet above Sea Level.

A FIRST-CLASS FAMILY, RESIDENTIAL AND TOURISTS' HOTEL.
Telephones in all rooms. First-class Cuisine, Lounge, Smoking and Ladies' rooms.
Roo. Garden.
Terms - From \$5 per day Mex.

Telegraph Add.: "Peak-Hot."
P. O. FEUSTLER,
Manager.

GRAND HOTEL

A FIRST CLASS AND UP-TO-DATE HOTEL, most central location within
the vicinity of all the principal Banks.
Noted for the Best Food, Refreshments, Accommodation and Cleanliness. Cuisine
under European Supervision. A First Class string Orchestra renders selections from
6.30 p.m. to 11.30 p.m.
Special monthly terms for residents and for Shipping.
For further particulars apply—
Telephone 197
Telegraphic Address: "COMFORT."

Manager.

KING EDWARD HOTEL

Central Location.

A 11 Electric Trams Pass Entrance,
Electric Lifts, Fans and Lighting,
European Baths and Sanitary Fixings,
Hot and Cold Water System throughout.

Best of Food and Service.

Telephone 673.

Telegraphic Address:
"Victoria."

J. WITCHELL,
Manager.

LEE YEE'S

HAIR DRESSING SALOON,

Electric Facial Massage with
Massage Cream, Perfume.

By
EXPERIENCED HANDS

Ladies' Fashion B's and
Toilet Requisites.

12, D'Aguiar Street

Hongkong, July 5, 1915

BUSINESS NOTICES.

GREEN ISLAND CEMENT CO., LD.

Portland Cement

In Casks of 375 lbs. net.

In Bags of 250 lbs. net.

Shewan, Tomes & Co.

GENERAL MANAGERS.

HONGKONG, CANTON, MACAO & WEST RIVER STEAMERS.

JOINT SERVICE OF THE HONGKONG, CANTON AND MACAO
STEAMBOAT CO., LTD., AND THE CHINA NAVIGATION CO. LTD.

HONGKONG-CANTON LINE.

HONGKONG TO CANTON CANTON TO HONGKONG.

WEDNESDAY, 19th JANUARY.

8 A.M. 'HONGKONG' 8 A.M. 'HONGKONG'
10 P.M. 'FATSHAN' 4.30 P.M. 'KINSHAN'

THURSDAY, 20th JANUARY.

8 A.M. 'HONGKONG' 8 A.M. 'HONGKONG'
10 P.M. 'KINSHAN' 4.30 P.M. 'FATSHAN'

Single Fare by Night Steamer \$ 6.00
Return Fare by Night (available also for Return by day Steamer) 10.00
Single Fare by Day Steamer 4.00
Return Fare by Day Steamer 8.00

HONGKONG-MACAO LINE.

S.S. 'TAI SHAN' Tons 2008 S.S. 'SUI TAI' Tons 1851.

HONGKONG TO MACAO.

Week days at 8 A.M. and 2 P.M. from the Company's Wing Lok Street Wharf.

Sundays, at 9 A.M. and 1 P.M. from the Company's Wing Lok Street Wharf.

MACAO TO HONGKONG.

Week days at 7.30 A.M. and 2 P.M. Sundays, at 7.30 A.M. and 3 P.M.

EXCURSION TO MACAO.

SUNDAY, 23rd JANUARY.

The Company's Steamship "TAISHAN"

will depart from the COMPANY'S WING LOK STREET WHARF at 9 A.M.

and return from Macao at 3 P.M.

N.B.—The Company will also run a steamer from Macao on Sunday morning at
7.30 A.M., and from Hongkong at 1 P.M. from the Company's Wing Lok Street
Wharf.

CANTON-MACAO LINE.

S.S. 'SUI-AN'.

Departures from Macao to Canton on Monday, Wednesday and Friday, at 9 P.M.

Departures from Canton to Macao on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, at 4.30 P.M.

JOINT SERVICE OF THE HONGKONG, CANTON AND MACAO

STEAMBOAT CO., LTD., THE CHINA NAVIGATION CO., LTD.,

AND THE INDO-CHINA STEAM NAVIGATION CO., LTD.

CANTON-WUCHOW LINE.

S.S. 'SALAM', 588 Tons, and S.S. 'NANSHING', 489 Tons.

One of the above Steamers leaves Canton for Wuchow every Monday, Wednesday
and Friday, at about 8 A.M., and the other leaves Wuchow for Canton on the
same days at 8.30 A.M. Round trips take about 5 days. Passengers can return to
Hongkong or vice versa by the Company's direct Steamers "LINTIAN" and
"SANUL". These vessels have superior Cabin accommodation and are lighted
throughout by electricity. Electric Fan in each Cabin.

Booking Office open daily (Sunday excepted), 9 A.M. to 5 P.M.

Further particulars may be obtained at the Office of the—

HONGKONG, CANTON & MACAO STEAMBOAT CO., LTD.

HOTEL MANSIONS (Former French).

Opposite the Blake Pier.

ALEXANDRA CAFE.

We Serve the Best Tiffin or Dinner in Hongkong
for \$1.00.

Roast Ready for the Table Hot or Cold Roast Turkey, Geese, Pheasants,
Sirloin of Beef, Saddle of Mutton &c, Pork Sausages (own make) Game Pies,
Pork Pies, Plum Puddings, Minced Meat, Minced Pies.

Bournville

The "COCOA de Luxe"

HIGHEST GRADE
BRITISH MADE

"BOURNVILLE COCOA represents the
highest grade of nutritive cocoa at present on
the market; it fully maintains its high reputa-
tion in food value and delicacy of flavour, and
is second to none in any respect whatsoever."
Medical Magazine, March, 1912

CADBURY'S
CHOCOLATES

In Tins and Fancy Boxes
Specially Packed for Export

FROM THE FACTORY IN A GARDEN, BOURNVILLE, ENGLAND

Hongkong, Dec. 17, 1909.

INTIMATIONS

G. FALCONER & CO., LTD.,

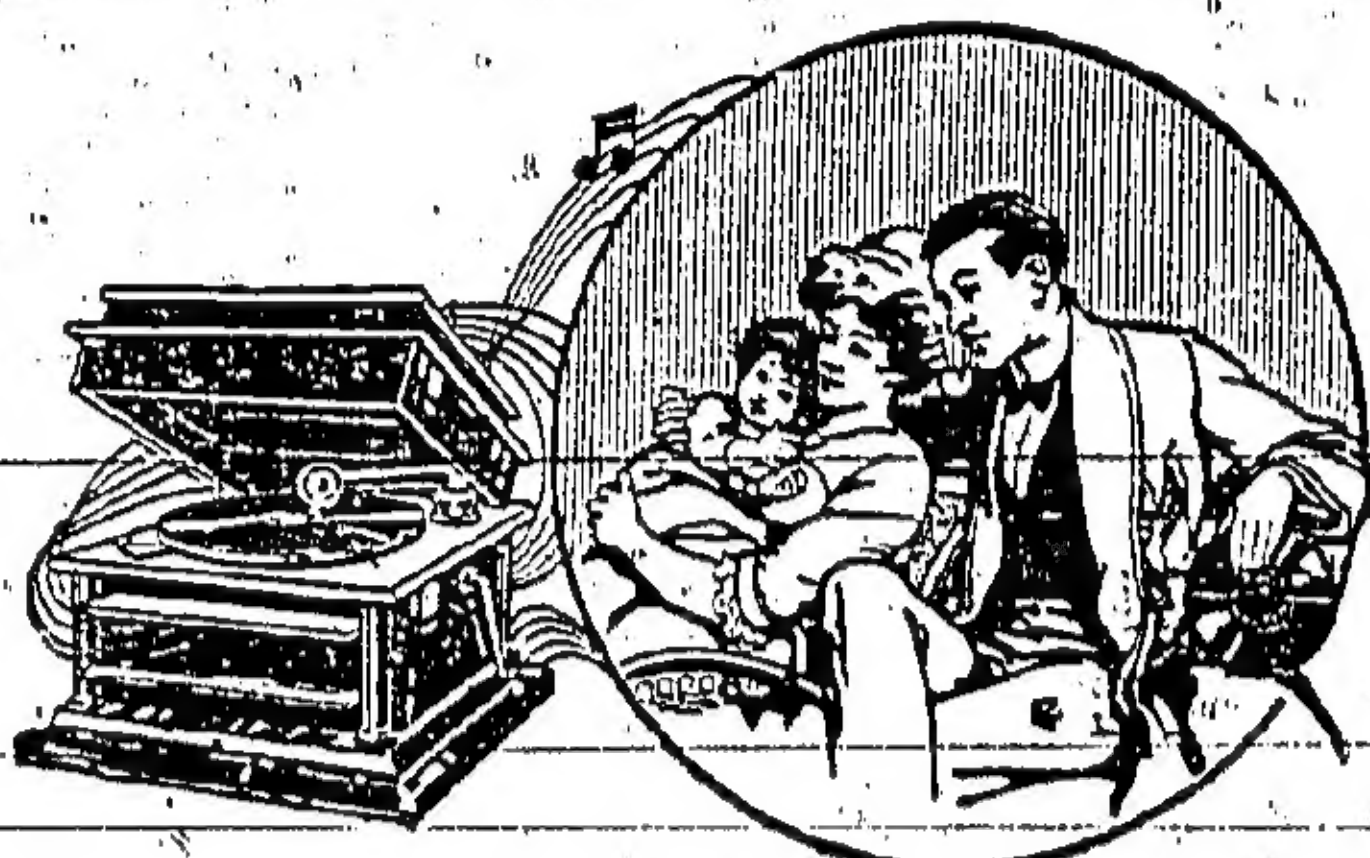
WATCHMAKERS & JEWELLERS.

Hotel Mansions.

Agents for ADMIRALTY CHARTS

ROSS'S BINOCULARS and TELESCOPES,
KELVIN'S NAUTICAL INSTRUMENTS,
BENSON'S ENGLISH WATCHES,
ENGLISH SILVERWARE, direct from Manufacturers,
High Class English Jewellery.

THE BEST ALL ROUND
GIFT
FOR THE HOME



A "COLUMBIA" GRAFONOLA
WE INVITE YOUR INSPECTION.
THE ANDERSON MUSIC Co., Ltd.
8 Des Voeux Road TEL. 1322.

M. MELACHRINO & CO.

EGYPTIAN CIGARETTES.

No. 4 per 100	\$4.—
No. 6 " 100	3.—
No. 9 " 100	2.80
Radames " 100	2.20

HONGKONG CIGAR STORE.

HOTEL MANSIONS.

THE KWONG HIP LUNG CO., LTD.

(NOW RECONSTRUCTED).

ENGINEERS and SHIPBUILDERS, BOILER-MAKERS, BRASS and IRON
FOUNDERS. All work done in this establishment is guaranteed. We have
over thirty years' experience. We own two shipways and can accommodate any craft
of 300 feet long.

Town Office, 48, CONNOR STREET, HONGKONG. Telephone No. 459.
Shipyard: Sham-Sai-Po, Kowloon, Hongkong. Telephone No. K. 2.
Estimates furnished on application. WONG PING WA, Manager.
Hongkong, April 1, 1912.

A Natural
Remedy

Time was when disease was thought to be due
to the direct influence of evil spirits, and exorcism
and magic were invoked to cast it out.

Science has taught us wisdom. The evil
spirits exist still. We call them "Disease"
Germs," and they also must be cast out. Once
lodged in the stomach or intestines, fever with
its hallucinations, or biliousness with its aches
and pains, is the result.

ENO'S
FRUIT SALT

is the approved remedy for driving out disease
germs. Its action is quick and thorough. It
clears the intestines, rouses the torpid liver to new
life, stimulates the mucous membrane to a healthy
action, and cleanses and invigorates the whole
digestive tract.

It may be safely taken at any time by young
or old.

It is very effective in the early stage of Diarrhoea
by removing the irritating cause.

Be prepared for emergencies by always keeping
a bottle in the house.

Prepared only by
E. NO, Ltd., "FRUIT SALT" WORKS, LONDON, ENGLAND.
SOLD BY CHEMISTS AND STORES EVERYWHERE.

INTIMATIONS

MITSU BISHI GOSHI KWAISHA
(MITSU BISHI CO.)

COAL DEPARTMENT.

SOLE PROPRIETORS OF TAKA-
SIMA, OCHI, MUTABE, YO-
SHINOTANI, KISHIDAKE, HOJO,
KANADA, NAKAMURA, SATO,
SHINNEW and KAMITAMADA
Collieries.

AGENTS for SAKITO, & OYUBARI

HEAD OFFICE:—TOKYO.

BRANCH OFFICES:—
Nagasaki, Moji, Karatsu,
Wakamatsu, Otsu, Muroran,
Hakodate, Kobe, Osaka, Kure,
Tokyo, Yokohama, Nagoya,
Tsuru, Shanghai, Hongkong,
Peking, Hankow.

TEL. ADDRESS for above: "IWASAKI"
Codes:—A1, ABC 5th Ed., Western Union.

AGENCIES:

CHINESE: Messrs Gearing &

MANTLA, Messrs Macdonald &

SINGAPORE: Messrs Borneo Co., Ltd.

GLASGOW: Messrs A. R. Brown,

McFarlane & Co., Ltd.

For particulars, apply to

K. KATO,
Manager,
No. 2, FRANK STREET,
HONGKONG.

SILIMPOON (SEBATTIE)

COAL.

THE Undersigned having been appointed
Agents for the COVINT HARBOUR
COAL CO., LTD., are prepared to quote
prices for best quality SILIMPOON
COAL trimmed into DUNKERS at SEBATTIE
or SANDAKAN (British North
Borneo).

SILIMPOON COAL compares favourably
with the best grades of Japanese
Coal and gives good results on a very
moderate consumption.

Steamers calling at SEBATTIE or
SANDAKAN exclusively for SILIMPOON
COAL (either cargo or bunkers)
are exempt from payment of all Port
charges.

At Sebatik Steamer are berthed along-
side the Company's wharf where there is a
minimum depth of 27 to 28 feet at low
water Spring Tides.

Charts of Sibutu Bay (Sebatik Har-
bour), Fries and all other information
concerning the Port can be had on
application to the Agents.

BRADLEY & CO., LTD.,
Agents Covint Harbour Coal
Company, Limited.
Hongkong, Dec. 2, 1915.

DAIRY FARM NEWS.

Some of our

CORNED BEEF, CORNED PORK

VARIETY OF SAUSAGES

PRESSED BEEF, COOKED HAM

DIPPING, LARD,

CORNED TONGUES,

SMOKED TONGUES,

PORK PIES, GAME PIES,

etc., etc.

Which cannot be Exceeded for Quality.

JAPANESE MAKERS

Every kind of Footwear

MADE

TO

ORDER

OHERRY & CO.,

PEDDER STREET,

Opposite H. H. Hotel.

Telephone No. 191.

Hongkong, March 20, 1914.

If you have lost your appetite, one of

the big variety of daily dishes at the

ALEXANDRA CAFE is sure to tempt

you.

THE NEW PRICE FOR "FELUCCA" CIGARETTES IS
\$3.00 for 100
\$1.50 for 50.

INTIMATIONS

THE WEST POINT BUILDING
CO., LIMITED.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that
the TWENTY-SECOND ORDINARY
MEETING of SHAREHOLDERS
in this Company will be held at the
Office of Messrs Jardine, Matheson &
Company, Limited, on TUESDAY, 1st
February, 1916 at 11.30 A.M. for the
purpose of receiving the Report of
Directors together with a Statement of
Accounts for the year ending 31st Decem-
ber, 1915.

The REGISTER of SHARES of the
Company will be CLOSED from THURSDAY,
20th January to TUESDAY, 1st
February, 1916 (both days inclusive),
during which period no Transfer of Shares
can be Registered.

By Order of the Board of Directors,
MOWBRAY S. NORTHCOTE,
Acting Secretary to the
Hongkong Land Investment & Agency
Co., Limited.
General Agents for the
West Point Building Co., Limited.
Hongkong, Jan. 13, 1916.

THE HONGKONG CENTRAL
ESTATE LIMITED.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the
SECOND ORDINARY MEETING
of SHAREHOLDERS in this Company
will be held at the Office of Messrs
Jardine, Matheson & Company, Limited,
on Tuesday, 1st February, 1916, at 11.45
A.M. for the purpose of receiving the
Report of the Directors together with the
Statement of Accounts for the year ending
31st December, 1915.

The REGISTER of SHARES of the
Company will be CLOSED from THURSDAY
20th January to TUESDAY 1st
February, 1916 (both days inclusive),
during which period no Transfer of Shares
can be Registered.

By Order of the Board of Directors,
THE HONGKONG CENTRAL
ESTATE, Ltd.
MOWBRAY S. NORTHCOTE
Acting Secretary to
The General Managers.
Hongkong, Jan. 13, 1916.

THE HONGKONG LAND INVEST-
MENT AND AGENCY COMPANY
LIMITED.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the
TWENTY-THIRD ORDINARY MEET-
ING of SHAREHOLDERS in this
Company will be held at the Office of
Messrs Jardine, Matheson & Co., Ltd., on
TUESDAY, 1st February, 1916 at Noon,
for the purpose of receiving the Report of
the Directors together with the Statement
of Accounts for the year ending 31st
December, 1915.

The REGISTER of SHARES of the
Company will be CLOSED from THURSDAY,
20th January to TUESDAY, 1st
February, 1916 (both days inclusive),
during which period no Transfer of Shares
can be Registered.

By Order of the Board of Directors,
MOWBRAY S. NORTHCOTE,
Acting Secretary.
Hongkong, Jan. 13, 1916.

THE HONGKONG LAND RECLAMA-
TION COMPANY LIMITED.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the
FIFTEEN TH ORDINARY MEET-
ING of SHAREHOLDERS in this
Company will be held at the Office of Messrs
Jardine, Matheson & Co., Ltd., on TUES-
DAY, 1st February, 1916 at 12.15 P.M.
for the purpose of receiving the Report of
the Directors together with a Statement of
Accounts for the year ending 31st
December, 1915.

The REGISTER of SHARES of the
Company will be CLOSED from THURSDAY,
20th January to TUESDAY, 1st
February, 1916 (both days inclusive),
during which period no Transfer of Shares
can be Registered.

By Order of the Board of Directors,
E. RUOUE SHEPHERD,
Acting Secretary.
Hongkong, Jan. 13, 1916.

SCOTTISH LETTER.

(From Our Own Correspondent.)

EDINBURGH, December 8.

THE CHARGES AGAINST THE BRITISH STAFF.
The charges levelled against the British
headquarters staff in France have already
been sufficiently refuted; but it is satis-
factory to learn that nowhere are the stories
more indignantly repelled than among the
rank and file of the Old and New Armies.
I have lately seen quite a number of letters
from typical Jocks at the Front, and in all
of them the slanders are denounced in
language which leaves Lord Derby far
behind. These men have seen things for
themselves, and they know full well that
if there is one place where slacking is non-
existent it is at "the back of the Front."

It may sound paradoxical, but says one
private, "the only place where the soldier
really gets lazier is in the firing line; be-
hind all is ceaseless activity: every-
body works at high pressure, and this
temperament is necessary if every detail
of the marvellous organisation is to be
kept going." The private who wrote the
above had been close to headquarters
and had seen what was going on. Another
tells about the life of the officers in
general:—"I will not be regarded as
prejudiced when I say, speaking as one
from the rank and file, that the men have a
better time than the officers. We have
stated times for recreation, but the only
recreation the officers get is an afternoon
grip once or twice a week, for an hour or
less, and this is subject to the vagaries
of the pressure of business." He adds:
"From this you will be able to judge how
the staff officers are justified."

THE LATE LORD ARMITAGE.
Though the latter years of his life were
spent elsewhere, Lord Armitage was
intimately connected with Dundee as one
of its "Tyson" men; he was not a native,
but it was there he laid the foundation of
his commercial success, and first showed
those kindly and philanthropic instincts
which characterised his career. When his
portrait was unveiled in Dundee some 20
years ago, he was with truth described as one
of the City's best friends and benefactors.
GEO. ARMITAGE was born in 1824,
his father being a Yorkshireman. While
his mother was of Jewish descent. Ed-
ward, as he was called, was educated at
Weisbaden and Heidelberg, he
obtained a preliminary training in the
trade on the Continent, and then came to
Dundee in 1854, where he founded the firm
of George Armitage & Co., drapery merchants.
The venture was a distinct success, and in
a comparatively short time the firm had
extensive dealings in Russia, India, and
America, and indeed over the civilised
world. He took an active part in many
aspects of Dundee life, and was a great
favorite with all classes, and in 1867
was requested to contest the
City in the Liberal interest. He was
defeated by "Sir" John Ogilvy, Bart.,
of Invergowrie; but in appreciation of
the fight he had made some 5,000 working
men presented him with a testimonial.
Under the Reform Bill Dundee was given
two members, and he was returned, at
the top of the poll. After "Selling" Mr. F.
for five years, Mr. Armitage retired in
1873 on account of ill health. He was
elected for Dundee in 1880, but
indifferent health brought about his per-
manent retirement at the General Election
of 1885. Mr. Armitage was an intimate
personal friend of Mr. Gladstone, whom he
frequently entertained at Buttercloses.

By Order of the Board of Directors,
THE HONGKONG CENTRAL
ESTATE, Ltd.
MOWBRAY S. NORTHCOTE
Acting Secretary to
The General Managers.
Hongkong, Jan. 13, 1916.

By Order of the Board of Directors,
THE HONGKONG CENTRAL
ESTATE, Ltd.
MOWBRAY S. NORTHCOTE
Acting Secretary to
The General Managers.
Hongkong, Jan. 13, 1916.

By Order of the Board of Directors,
THE HONGKONG CENTRAL
ESTATE, Ltd.
MOWBRAY S. NORTHCOTE
Acting Secretary to
The General Managers.
Hongkong, Jan. 13, 1916.

By Order of the Board of Directors,
THE HONGKONG CENTRAL
ESTATE, Ltd.
MOWBRAY S. NORTHCOTE
Acting Secretary to
The General Managers.
Hongkong, Jan. 13, 1916.

By Order of the Board of Directors,
THE HONGKONG CENTRAL
ESTATE, Ltd.
MOWBRAY S. NORTHCOTE
Acting Secretary to
The General Managers.
Hongkong, Jan. 13, 1916.

By Order of the Board of Directors,
THE HONGKONG CENTRAL
ESTATE, Ltd.
MOWBRAY S. NORTHCOTE
Acting Secretary to
The General Managers.
Hongkong, Jan. 13, 1916.

By Order of the Board of Directors,
THE HONGKONG CENTRAL
ESTATE, Ltd.
MOWBRAY S. NORTHCOTE
Acting Secretary to
The General Managers.
Hongkong, Jan. 13, 1916.

By Order of the Board of Directors,
THE HONGKONG CENTRAL
ESTATE, Ltd.
MOWBRAY S. NORTHCOTE
Acting Secretary to
The General Managers.
Hongkong, Jan. 13, 1916.

By Order of the Board of Directors,
THE HONGKONG CENTRAL
ESTATE, Ltd.
MOWBRAY S. NORTHCOTE
Acting Secretary to
The General Managers.
Hongkong, Jan. 13, 1916.

By Order of the Board of Directors,
THE HONGKONG CENTRAL
ESTATE, Ltd.
MOWBRAY S. NORTHCOTE
Acting Secretary to
The General Managers.
Hongkong, Jan. 13, 1916.

By Order of the Board of Directors,
THE HONGKONG CENTRAL
ESTATE, Ltd.
MOWBRAY S. NORTHCOTE
Acting Secretary to
The General Managers.
Hongkong, Jan. 13, 1916.

By Order of the Board of Directors,
THE HONGKONG CENTRAL
ESTATE, Ltd.
MOWBRAY S. NORTHCOTE
Acting Secretary to
The General Managers.
Hongkong, Jan. 13, 1916.

By Order of the Board of Directors,
THE HONGKONG CENTRAL
ESTATE, Ltd.
MOWBRAY S. NORTHCOTE
Acting Secretary to
The General Managers.
Hongkong, Jan. 13, 1916.

By Order of the Board of Directors,
THE HONGKONG CENTRAL
ESTATE, Ltd.
MOWBRAY S. NORTHCOTE
Acting Secretary to
The General Managers.
Hongkong, Jan. 13, 1916.

By Order of the Board of Directors,
THE HONGKONG CENTRAL
ESTATE, Ltd.
MOWBRAY S. NORTHCOTE
Acting Secretary to
The General Managers.
Hongkong, Jan. 13, 1916.

By Order of the Board of Directors,
THE HONGKONG CENTRAL
ESTATE, Ltd.
MOWBRAY S. NORTHCOTE
Acting Secretary to
The General Managers.
Hongkong, Jan. 13, 1916.

By Order of the Board of Directors,
THE HONGKONG CENTRAL
ESTATE, Ltd.
MOWBRAY S. NORTHCOTE
Acting Secretary to
The General Managers.
Hongkong, Jan. 13, 1916.

By Order of the Board of Directors,
THE HONGKONG CENTRAL
ESTATE, Ltd.
MOWBRAY S. NORTHCOTE
Acting Secretary to
The General Managers.
Hongkong, Jan. 13, 1916.

By Order of the Board of Directors,
THE HONGKONG CENTRAL
ESTATE, Ltd.
MOWBRAY S. NORTHCOTE
Acting Secretary to
The General Managers.
Hongkong, Jan. 13, 1916.

By Order of the Board of Directors,
THE HONGKONG CENTRAL
ESTATE, Ltd.
MOWBRAY S. NORTHCOTE
Acting Secretary to
The General Managers.
Hongkong, Jan. 13, 1916.

By Order of the Board of Directors,
THE HONGKONG CENTRAL
ESTATE, Ltd.
MOWBRAY S. NORTHCOTE
Acting Secretary to
The General Managers.
Hongkong, Jan. 13, 1916.

By Order of the Board of Directors,
THE HONGKONG CENTRAL
ESTATE, Ltd.
MOWBRAY S. NORTHCOTE
Acting Secretary to
The General Managers.
Hongkong, Jan. 13, 1916.

By Order of the Board of Directors,
THE HONGKONG CENTRAL
ESTATE, Ltd.
MOWBRAY S. NORTHCOTE
Acting Secretary to
The General Managers.
Hongkong, Jan. 13, 1916.

By Order of the Board of Directors,
THE HONGKONG CENTRAL
ESTATE, Ltd.
MOWBRAY S. NORTHCOTE
Acting Secretary to
The General Managers.
Hongkong, Jan. 13, 1916.

By Order of the Board of Directors,
THE HONGKONG CENTRAL
ESTATE, Ltd.
MOWBRAY S. NORTHCOTE
Acting Secretary to
The General Managers.
Hongkong, Jan. 13, 1916.

By Order of the Board of Directors,
THE HONGKONG CENTRAL
ESTATE, Ltd.
MOWBRAY S. NORTHCOTE
Acting Secretary to
The General Managers.
Hongkong, Jan. 13, 1916.

By Order of the Board of Directors,
THE HONGKONG CENTRAL
ESTATE, Ltd.
MOWBRAY S. NORTHCOTE
Acting Secretary to
The General Managers.
Hongkong, Jan. 13, 1916.

House, Dunkeld; and his London mansion
was long a centre of political activity.
With Mr. Herbert (now Lord) Gladstone he
had relations so close and so friendly that
they might be termed paternal. While
Mr. Herbert Gladstone sat in the House
after his father's death he lived under Mr.
Armitage's roof. In 1873 Mr. Armitage
gave £3,000 for the establishment of a
Dundee workingmen's club, an establish-
ment which was carried on for about
seven years, and as it was not successful
the trustees, in terms of the deed of gift,
applied the funds to establish the Armitage
Lectures, an annual course of six
lectures by eminent men. He gave largely
to public and charitable purposes in
Dundee, especially to the Barrack Park,
the University College, and the Infirmary
and Hospital. He was created a Peer in
1904, and married Jane Elizabeth, daughter
of the late Mr. Edward Baxter of "Rural
Drum," Forfarshire, who predeceased him.

ROSE FROM THE CHINA SEAS.

Died at Grangemouth, Captain Henry
William Hogg, son of the late Joseph
Hogg, Grangemouth. Captain Hogg was
one of the major part of his life as a
shipmaster in the China Seas, trading in
vessels belonging to the Jardine,
Matheson lines, of which he was commodore
for many years. His abilities as a success-
ful navigator in China waters, where he
carried many valuable cargoes through
difficult channels, were recognised by his
owners and merchants, who presented him
with a flag of honour. He held extensive
interests in China, and his name was
familiar in shipping circles in London and
all over the British Isles where trade was
conducted with China. He retired about
two years ago.

SCOTS IN LONDON.

An analysis of the last census figures
just issued by the London County Council
reveals the fact that there are 31,000 Scots
in London. Of these, 20,364 of that number being
women. To some people that figure may
suggest that of the total population of
4,500,000 the Scots form a very insig-
nificant minority, and that the Scotchman
exerts no influence on the affairs of the Metropolis
out of all proportion to their numerical
strength. That view, however, is hardly
correct. The census figures deal only
with people actually born in Scotland.
Children of London Scots must be included
in the group, though with Londoners of all
nationalities, though invariably they are as
keen to assert their Scots nationality as
their parents. These London-born children
of Scots folks number many scores of
thousands, and their influence upon the
everyday life of London must be consid-
erably wider than the influence of their
parents. One cannot reside in London
long without realising the strength of the
Scottish strain in the population.

ST. ANDREW AT THE FRONT.

"We are keeping St. Andrew's Night at
the Ambulance. We hope for an Argyll
pipers and are running to a haggie! Come
and dine with us." So ran the message
handed to me by a mud-plastered fellow
returned to camp this morning after a week
in hospital, writes T. L. B. from somewhere
in France. "What son-of-a-bitch could refuse!"
The Ambulance is only a mile
away; only a mile of mud! Flash-lamp in
hand, gun-bush on feet, and there I was, in
a clear, starry night overhead, an unwelcome
willow over yonder where the guns hide
and the flares fly upwards. A firm road
takes us to the Estaminet corner, though
many a time we must "jockey" perilously
near the ditch "and let the 'lar gas
by" of the never-ceasing traffic. Off the
road, and through the gate, our St.
Andrew's adventure begins. A year ago
there was a simple cart-track through a
ploughed field, but every succeeding foot-
marcher, and every wheel, has made it
firmer, and another inch, till now in daylight
there is a broad track of some fifty yards,
and by night it seems a mile. Out and out
edge, trying for the fresh ground beyond
the latest recognised limits of the track,
always keeping in view the light where
the F.A. sentry is posted. To whither
the path is a hopeless task to-night with
the minutes running fast, so we must make
the plunge, for the sake of St. Andrew, whose
Cross we seem to trace among the clear-
shining stars.

In a flash all is changed, mud and war
and misery vanish, and wins come to our
heavy laden feet, as the air fills with strains
that have sped many a soldier through the
centuries. There's a piper playing in the
darkness, and my heart leaps to him as he
calls to me with the life of the home-land,
and the voices of the hills; and straight
from that north-west air he calls, where is
the bluest spot of the sky and the bright-
ness of the stars.

For Scotland's sake they give a royal
welcome in the Scottish farm kitchen; an
English and Irish as well as a Scottish
welcome; for to-night St. George and St.
Patrick yield the honours to St. Andrew;
though a stranger might think that the
Highland piper and his pipe were supreme
above all the saints and feasters.

"Then we somehow forgot St. Andrew,
and revealed now in the bagpipes, now in the
bagpipes; the whole company standing to
attention as 'the King o' a puddin' race'
was solemnly played into the room by the
'Borne' Laddie, 'Highland Laddie,'
Sussanach and Irishman regarding with
awe 'the sacred rite, 'Borne' (To a
Haggie) was recited with ample breadth
of accent by the 'padre' with the
Scots bonnet; the jovial Commander, of
table, clasp, danced 'the Tailcoat' over
the boards; and every man of us was fired
to claim Scotch blood and Scottish soul,
and ability to draw music from the bagpipes.

The night was not far spent, when a
messenger entered, Red Cross brassard on
sleeve, bundle of papers in hand, and
standing to attention. A carload of
shattered manhood from the Canal, two
maimed lads from the chateau, a Jock with
a broken hand; a telegram for the padre,
somebody's boy lying under a blanket
quander, where the shells are thick and the
wire snarl, waiting to be laid to his rest
under the cold ground, in the dark night.
The stern, cruel reality takes a moment to
dawn on us again, the agony of broken
bodies and sore hearts, the filth of the
mud, the savagery of ambition.

"Forth into 'a dark we go—for the stars
are clouded now—and our bodies are turned
to the home air, where the sky is ever
fair, each one of us to do his part in every
heart a prayer.

"The last strain of the pipe lingers still:
it was 'The Land of the Lall'."

(Continued on page 5.)

THE NEW FRENCH REMEDY.

THERAPION No. 1

THERAPION No. 2

THERAPION No. 3

THERAPION No. 4

THERAPION No. 5

THERAPION No. 6

THERAPION No. 7

THERAPION No. 8



Hughes and Hough
AUCTIONEERS TO THE GOVERNMENT
AND ADMIRALTY.

General Auctioneers
AND
Share, Coal and
General Brokers.

PROPRIETORS

"FO-KWA-WAN"

COAL STORAGE.

Codes used
A.B.C. 4th & 5th Editions.
A.L. TELEGRAPHIC CODE.

Telegraphic Address
MEIKION HONGKONG.

PUBLIC AUCTION.

THE Underigned have received instructions to sell by Public Auction, (FOR ACCOUNT OF THE CONCERNED),

THURSDAY,

the 20th January, 1916, at 11 a.m., at the German Detention Camp, Hung Hom.

SUNDRY TEAKWOOD AND
RATTAN FURNITURE.

On view day of sale 9 a.m.
Terms:—As usual.

HUGHES & ROUGH,
Auctioneers.

Hongkong, Jan. 18, 1916.

PUBLIC AUCTION.

THE Underigned have received instructions to sell by Public Auction, (FOR ACCOUNT OF THE CONCERNED),

FRIDAY,

the 21st January, 1916, commencing at 2.30 p.m., at their Sales Rooms, No. 8, Des Vaux Road, Corner of Lee House Street,—

AN ASSORTMENT OF
VALUABLE HOUSEHOLD
FURNITURE,

Comprising:—
Sideboards, Dinner Waggon, Dining
Tables and Chairs, Chesterfield Sofas,
Arm-chairs, &c., Wardrobes and Toilet
Tables, Double and Single Bedsteads, &c.,
Miscellaneous Furniture several lots of
Blackwood Ware, One Set Saddlery
(complete), 2 Carpets, Four Pianos, &c.,
and a number of lots of Pekinese Cloisonne,
&c., &c.

(Full Particulars from Catalogue.)
Terms:—Cash.

HUGHES & ROUGH,
Auctioneers.

Hongkong, Jan. 18, 1916.

AGENTS.

LONDON.—WILLIAM SLAZER, 49 Great
Russell Street, W.C. F. ALGAR, 11 &
12 Clements Lane, Lombard Street,
E.C. T. B. BROWN & CO., Ltd.,
183 Queen's Road, Victoria, St.
CLARKE, SON & PLATT, 85 Great
church Street, E.C. G. STARR & CO., Ltd.,
30 Old Bailey, London, E.C. ROBERT WATSON, 150
Fleet Street, E.C. MITCHELL & CO., Space
Hall, Holborn Viaduct, E.C. D. J.
KIMBLE & CO., 3 Whitefriars Street,
E.C. MATTHEW & CROFTON, Ltd., 10
11, 12, New Bridge Street, E.C.

SCOTLAND.—FRAN. L. SMYTH, 8 North
Ft. David Street, Edinburgh.

PARIS AND EUROPE.—MAYENCE FRERES
& CO., 18 Rue de la Grange, Beldie
Paris.

NEW YORK.—T. B. BROWN, Ltd.,
Edison Hall, West 42nd Street, New
York City.

THE CHINESE EVANGELIST OFFICE, 52
West 22nd Street.

SAN FRANCISCO and American Ports
generally.—BRAS & BLANCH, San Fran-
cisco.

POOHOW.—BROCKE & CO.

AUSTRALIA, TASMANIA, AND NEW
ZEALAND.—GORDON & GOTH, Mel-
bourne and Sydney.

CEYLON.—W. M. SMITH & CO., THE
AUCTIONEERS CO., Colombo.

SINGAPORE, STRAITS, &c.—KELLY
& WALES, Ltd., Singapore.

PHILIPPINE ISLANDS.—A. S. WATSON
& CO., Manila.

SHANGHAI.—Messrs. KELLY & WALES,
Ltd.

JAPAN.—Messrs. KELLY & WALES, Ltd.,
Kobe and Yokohama.

CANTON.—PATRICK & CO.

THE CHINA MAIL, LTD.,
5, Wyndham Street, Hongkong.

SIEN TING

Surgeon, Dentist,
No. 14, D'ARQUILL STREET.

TERMS VERY MODERATE
Consultation.

FOR a good solid meal, a la carte, at
Tables d'Hôte, with Wine & Liquors
order at—ALEXANDRA CAFE.

Sanaphos is superior to the product of the enemy.

The flavor of Sanaphos is particularly pleasant and appetizing; the most delicate palate does not tire of it.

Unlike the numerous cases, preparations, Sanaphos is easily digestible. The elements which restore worn tissues and exhausted nerves, and invigorate muscular activity, are actually absorbed by the system in far greater proportion than from any of the preparations of ordinary cases. Benefit is evident within an hour.

It contains the active enzymes of raw milk, which are lost in the manufacture of the ordinary cases products.

When water is added, Sanaphos becomes milk again (free from fat).

This powerful nutritive contains, in addition, 0.70 per cent. of phosphorus in an organic compound, which, unlike many others, is actually absorbed in the system by the great nutritive channels, to replace the wear and tear on nerve and brain substance.

Particularly at this time, the great value of this really effective reconstructive food for brain, nerves and tissues, will be appreciated.

Its value is not limited to the sick-room or convalescence. This new nerve food, which reinforces our ordinary diet, produces really a remarkable increase of mental and nervous stability and of physical fitness in those who are not ill, but who feel the strain of unusually heavy work and anxieties.

Sanaphos, remember, is not a drug-medicine, not a false stimulant. It stimulates, gives new strength as Sanaphos.

It is just food—but its strength gets into your system almost instantly.

It is prepared under the supervision of an eminent British chemist.

It is sold at a lower price than the German-made products, which it displaces and surpasses.

Hundreds of Physicians, Hospitals and Nurses testify to its great value.

Sir William Taylor, M.D., formerly Principal Medical Officer of H.M. Forces in India, and more recently Surgeon-General of H.M. Forces, is chairman of the All-British Company which produces this new and superior reparative of nerves and tissues.

Stocks are held by, and requests for samples should be addressed to: Messrs. Fletcher & Co., and The Queen's Dispensary, Hong Kong.

Wholesale Distributors for India and Far East: Danks Bros., Middlesex Street, London, England.

Begin To-day

your test of Sanaphos. Go to your Retailer. Get a bottle of Sanaphos. Emphasize "Sanaphos" and never let it be called any German substitute. Three times a day.

Sample Free.

If your Retailer has not Sanaphos, a supply sufficient for a test, let him write to the nearest address below, or to The British Milk Products Co., Ltd., 54, Park Lane, London, England.

STOCKS ARE HELD BY, AND REQUESTS FOR SAMPLES SHOULD BE ADDRESSED TO: MESSRS. FLETCHER & CO., AND THE QUEEN'S DISPENSARY, HONG KONG.

Wholesale Distributors for India and Far East: Danks Bros., Middlesex Street, London, England.

Begin To-day

your test of Sanaphos. Go to your Retailer. Get a bottle of Sanaphos. Emphasize "Sanaphos" and never let it be called any German substitute. Three times a day.

Sample Free.

If your Retailer has not Sanaphos, a supply sufficient for a test, let him write to the nearest address below, or to The British Milk Products Co., Ltd., 54, Park Lane, London, England.

STOCKS ARE HELD BY, AND REQUESTS FOR SAMPLES SHOULD BE ADDRESSED TO: MESSRS. FLETCHER & CO., AND THE QUEEN'S DISPENSARY, HONG KONG.

Wholesale Distributors for India and Far East: Danks Bros., Middlesex Street, London, England.

Begin To-day

your test of Sanaphos. Go to your Retailer. Get a bottle of Sanaphos. Emphasize "Sanaphos" and never let it be called any German substitute. Three times a day.

Sample Free.

If your Retailer has not Sanaphos, a supply sufficient for a test, let him write to the nearest address below, or to The British Milk Products Co., Ltd., 54, Park Lane, London, England.

STOCKS ARE HELD BY, AND REQUESTS FOR SAMPLES SHOULD BE ADDRESSED TO: MESSRS. FLETCHER & CO., AND THE QUEEN'S DISPENSARY, HONG KONG.

Wholesale Distributors for India and Far East: Danks Bros., Middlesex Street, London, England.

Begin To-day

your test of Sanaphos. Go to your Retailer. Get a bottle of Sanaphos. Emphasize "Sanaphos" and never let it be called any German substitute. Three times a day.

Sample Free.

If your Retailer has not Sanaphos, a supply sufficient for a test, let him write to the nearest address below, or to The British Milk Products Co., Ltd., 54, Park Lane, London, England.

STOCKS ARE HELD BY, AND REQUESTS FOR SAMPLES SHOULD BE ADDRESSED TO: MESSRS. FLETCHER & CO., AND THE QUEEN'S DISPENSARY, HONG KONG.

Wholesale Distributors for India and Far East: Danks Bros., Middlesex Street, London, England.

Begin To-day

your test of Sanaphos. Go to your Retailer. Get a bottle of Sanaphos. Emphasize "Sanaphos" and never let it be called any German substitute. Three times a day.

Sample Free.

If your Retailer has not Sanaphos, a supply sufficient for a test, let him write to the nearest address below, or to The British Milk Products Co., Ltd., 54, Park Lane, London, England.

STOCKS ARE HELD BY, AND REQUESTS FOR SAMPLES SHOULD BE ADDRESSED TO: MESSRS. FLETCHER & CO., AND THE QUEEN'S DISPENSARY, HONG KONG.

Wholesale Distributors for India and Far East: Danks Bros., Middlesex Street, London, England.

SCOTTISH LETTER.

(Continued from page 2.)

THE FIFER OF LOOS.

The following verses are by Mr. George H. Tait, Glasgow, and are being sold for the benefit of the Red Cross funds.—Loos being here pronounced as "Loe."

Have you heard how the hero fell?
The piper who played us to Loos,
Tearing the guns, he blew,
Till his battle-blast was lost
In the wrath of the Forty-two.
Twas the piper of the Forty-two,
And a thousand souls went mad,
For the Black Watch flew to the gates of Loos.

As the call of the piper led
In the front of the killed host,
In the face of the guns, he blew,
Till his battle-blast was lost
In the wrath of the Forty-two.
Twas the piper of the Forty-two,
And a thousand souls went mad,
For the Black Watch flew to the gates of Loos.

As the call of the piper led
In the front of the killed host,
In the face of the guns, he blew,
Till his battle-blast was lost
In the wrath of the Forty-two.
Twas the piper of the Forty-two,
And a thousand souls went mad,
For the Black Watch flew to the gates of Loos.

As the call of the piper led
In the front of the killed host,
In the face of the guns, he blew,
Till his battle-blast was lost
In the wrath of the Forty-two.
Twas the piper of the Forty-two,
And a thousand souls went mad,
For the Black Watch flew to the gates of Loos.

As the call of the piper led
In the front of the killed host,
In the face of the guns, he blew,
Till his battle-blast was lost
In the wrath of the Forty-two.
Twas the piper of the Forty-two,
And a thousand souls went mad,
For the Black Watch flew to the gates of Loos.

As the call of the piper led
In the front of the killed host,
In the face of the guns, he blew,
Till his battle-blast was lost
In the wrath of the Forty-two.
Twas the piper of the Forty-two,
And a thousand souls went mad,
For the Black Watch flew to the gates of Loos.

As the call of the piper led
In the front of the killed host,
In the face of the guns, he blew,
Till his battle-blast was lost
In the wrath of the Forty-two.
Twas the piper of the Forty-two,
And a thousand souls went mad,
For the Black Watch flew to the gates of Loos.

As the call of the piper led
In the front of the killed host,
In the face of the guns, he blew,
Till his battle-blast was lost
In the wrath of the Forty-two.
Twas the piper of the Forty-two,
And a thousand souls went mad,
For the Black Watch flew to the gates of Loos.

As the call of the piper led
In the front of the killed host,
In the face of the guns, he blew,
Till his battle-blast was lost
In the wrath of the Forty-two.
Twas the piper of the Forty-two,
And a thousand souls went mad,
For the Black Watch flew to the gates of Loos.

As the call of the piper led
In the front of the killed host,
In the face of the guns, he blew,
Till his battle-blast was lost
In the wrath of the Forty-two.
Twas the piper of the Forty-two,
And a thousand souls went mad,
For the Black Watch flew to the gates of Loos.

As the call of the piper led
In the front of the killed host,
In the face of the guns, he blew,
Till his battle-blast was lost
In the wrath of the Forty-two.
Twas the piper of the Forty-two,
And a thousand souls went mad,
For the Black Watch flew to the gates of Loos.

As the call of the piper led
In the front of the killed host,
In the face of the guns, he blew,
Till his battle-blast was lost
In the wrath of the Forty-two.
Twas the piper of the Forty-two,
And a thousand souls went mad,
For the Black Watch flew to the gates of Loos.

As the call of the piper led
In the front of the killed host,
In the face of the guns, he blew,
Till his battle-blast was lost
In the wrath of the Forty-two.
Twas the piper of the Forty-two,
And a thousand souls went mad,
For the Black Watch flew to the gates of Loos.

As the call of the piper led
In the front of the killed host,
In the face of the guns, he blew,
Till his battle-blast was lost
In the wrath of the Forty-two.
Twas the piper of the Forty-two,
And a thousand souls went mad,
For the Black Watch flew to the gates of Loos.

As the call of the piper led
In the front of the killed host,
In the face of the guns, he blew,
Till his battle-blast was lost
In the wrath of the Forty-two.
Twas the piper of the Forty-two,
And a thousand souls went mad,
For the Black Watch flew to the gates of Loos.

As the call of the piper led
In the front of the killed host,
In the face of the guns, he blew,
Till his battle-blast was lost
In the wrath of the Forty-two.
Twas the piper of the Forty-two,
And a thousand souls went mad,
For the Black Watch flew to the gates of Loos.

As the call of the piper led
In the front of the killed host,
In the face of the guns, he blew,
Till his battle-blast was lost
In the wrath of the Forty-two.
Twas the piper of the Forty-two,
And a thousand souls went mad,
For the Black Watch flew to the gates of Loos.

As the call of the piper led
In the front of the killed host,
In the face of the guns, he blew,
Till his battle-blast was lost
In the wrath of the Forty-two.
Twas the piper of the Forty-two,
And a thousand souls went mad,
For the Black Watch flew to the gates of Loos.

As the call of the piper led
In the front of the killed host,
In the face of the guns, he blew,
Till his battle-blast was lost
In the wrath of the Forty-two.
Twas the piper of the Forty-two,
And a thousand souls went mad,
For the Black Watch flew to the gates of Loos.

As the call of the piper led
In the front of the killed host,
In the face of the guns, he blew,
Till his battle-blast was lost
In the wrath of the Forty-two.
Twas the piper of the Forty-two,
And a thousand souls went mad,
For the Black Watch flew to the gates of Loos.

As the call of the piper led
In the front of the killed host,
In the face of the guns, he blew,
Till his battle-blast was lost
In the wrath of the Forty-two.
Twas the piper of the Forty-two,
And a thousand souls went mad,
For the Black Watch flew to the gates of Loos.

As the call of the piper led
In the front of the killed host,
In the face of the guns, he blew,
Till his battle-blast was lost
In the wrath of the Forty-two.
Twas the piper of the Forty-two,
And a thousand souls went mad,
For the Black Watch flew to the gates of Loos.

As the call of the piper led
In the front of the killed host,
In the face of the guns, he blew,
Till his battle-blast was lost
In the wrath of the Forty-two.
Twas the piper of the Forty-two,
And a thousand souls went mad,
For the Black Watch flew to the gates of Loos.

As the call of the piper led
In the front of the killed host,
In the face of the guns, he blew,
Till his battle-blast was lost
In the wrath of the Forty-two.
Twas the piper of the Forty-two,
And a thousand souls went mad,
For the Black Watch flew to the gates of Loos.

As the call of the piper led
In the front of the killed host,
In the face of the guns, he blew,
Till his battle-blast was lost
In the wrath of the Forty-two.
Twas the piper of the Forty-two,
And a thousand souls went mad,
For the Black Watch flew to the gates of Loos.

As the call of the piper led
In the front of the killed host,
In the face of the guns, he blew,
Till his battle-blast was lost
In the wrath of the Forty-two.
Twas the piper of the Forty-two,
And a thousand souls went mad,
For the Black Watch flew to the gates of Loos.

As the call of the piper led
In the front of the killed host,
In the face of the guns, he blew,
Till his battle-blast was lost
In the wrath of the Forty-two.
Twas the piper of the Forty-two,
And a thousand souls went mad,
For the Black Watch flew to the gates of Loos.

As the call of the piper led
In the front of the killed host,
In the face of the guns, he blew,
Till his battle-blast was lost
In the wrath of the Forty-two.
Twas the piper of the Forty-two,
And a thousand souls went mad,
For the Black Watch flew to the gates of Loos.

As the call of the piper led
In the front of the killed host,
In the face of the guns, he blew,
Till his battle-blast was lost
In the wrath of the Forty-two.
Twas the piper of the Forty-two,
And a thousand souls went mad,
For the Black Watch flew to the gates of Loos.

As the call of the piper led
In the front of the killed host,
In the face of the guns, he blew,
Till his battle-blast was lost
In the wrath of the Forty-two.
Twas the piper of the Forty-two,
And a thousand souls went mad,
For the Black Watch flew to the gates of Loos.

As the call of the piper led
In the front of the killed host,
In the face of the guns, he blew,
Till his battle-blast was lost
In the wrath of the Forty-two.
Twas the piper of the Forty-two,
And a thousand souls went mad,
For the Black Watch flew to the gates of Loos.

As the call of the piper led
In the front of the killed host,
In the face of the guns, he blew,
Till his battle-blast was lost
In the wrath of the Forty-two.
Twas the piper of the Forty-two,
And a thousand souls went mad,
For the Black Watch flew to the gates of Loos.

As the call of the piper led
In the front of the killed host,
In the face of the guns, he blew,
Till his battle-blast was lost
In the wrath of the Forty-two.
Twas the piper of the Forty-two,
And a thousand souls went mad,
For the Black Watch flew to the gates of Loos.

As the call of the piper led
In the front of the killed host,
In the face of the guns, he blew,
Till his battle-blast was lost
In the wrath of the Forty-two.
Twas the piper of the Forty-two,
And a thousand souls went mad,
For the Black Watch flew to the gates of Loos.

As the call of the piper led
In the front of the killed host,
In the face of the guns, he blew,
Till his battle-blast was lost
In the wrath of the Forty-two.
Twas the piper of the Forty-two,
And a thousand souls went mad,
For the Black Watch flew to the gates of Loos.

As the call of the piper led
In the front of the killed host,
In the face of the guns, he blew,
Till his battle-blast was lost
In the wrath of the Forty-two.
Twas the piper of the Forty-two,
And a thousand souls went mad,
For the Black Watch flew to the gates of Loos.

As the call of the piper led
In the front of the killed host,
In the face of the guns, he blew,
Till his battle-blast was lost
In the wrath of the Forty-two.
Twas the piper of the Forty-two,
And a thousand souls went mad,
For the Black Watch flew to the gates of Loos.

As the call of the piper led
In the front of the killed host,
In the face of the guns, he blew,
Till his battle-blast was lost
In the wrath of the Forty-two.
Twas the piper of the Forty-two,
And a thousand souls went mad,
For the Black Watch flew to the gates of Loos.

As the call of the piper led
In the front of the killed host,
In the face of the guns, he blew,
Till his battle-blast was lost
In the wrath of the Forty-two.
Twas the piper of the Forty-two,
And a thousand souls went mad,
For the Black Watch flew to the gates of Loos.

As the call of the piper led
In the front of the killed host,
In the face of the guns, he blew,
Till his battle-blast was lost
In the wrath of the Forty-two.
Twas the piper of the Forty-two,
And a thousand souls went mad,
For the Black Watch flew to the gates of Loos.

As the call of the piper led
In the front of the killed host,
In the face of the guns, he blew,
Till his battle-blast was lost
In the wrath of the Forty-two.
Twas the piper of the Forty-two,
And a thousand souls went mad,
For the Black Watch flew to the gates of Loos.

As the call of the piper led
In the front of the killed host,
In the face of the guns, he blew,
Till his battle-blast was lost
In the wrath of the Forty-two.
Twas the piper of the Forty-two,
And a thousand souls went mad,
For the Black Watch flew to the gates of Loos.

As the call of the piper led
In the front of the killed host,
In the face of the guns, he blew,
Till his battle-blast was lost
In the wrath of the Forty-two.
Twas the piper of the Forty-two,
And a thousand souls went mad,
For the Black Watch flew to the gates of Loos.

As the call of the piper led
In the front of the killed host,
In the face of the guns, he blew,
Till his battle-blast was lost
In the wrath of the Forty-two.
Twas the piper of the Forty-two,
And a thousand souls went mad,
For the Black Watch flew to the gates of Loos.

As the call of the piper led
In the front of the killed host,
In the face of the guns, he blew,
Till his battle-blast was lost
In the wrath of the Forty-two.
Twas the piper of the Forty-two,
And a thousand souls went mad,
For the Black Watch flew to the gates of Loos.

As the call of the piper led
In the front of the killed host,
In the face of the guns, he blew,
Till his battle-blast was lost
In the wrath of the Forty-two.
Twas the piper of the Forty-two,
And a thousand souls went mad,
For the Black Watch flew to the gates of Loos.

As the call of the piper led
In the front of the killed host,
In the face of the guns, he blew,
Till his battle-blast was lost
In the wrath of the Forty-two.
Twas the piper of the Forty-two,
And a thousand souls went mad,
For the Black Watch flew to the gates of Loos.

As the call of the piper led
In the front of the killed host,
In the face of the guns, he blew,
Till his battle-blast was lost
In the wrath of the Forty-two.
Twas the piper of the Forty-two,
And a thousand souls went mad,
For the Black Watch flew to the gates of Loos.

As the call of the piper led
In the front of the killed host,
In the face of the guns, he blew,
Till his battle-blast was lost
In the wrath of the Forty-two.
Twas the piper of the Forty-two,
And a thousand souls went mad,
For the Black Watch flew to the gates of Loos.

As the call of the piper led
In the front of the killed host,
In the face of the guns, he blew,
Till his battle-blast was lost
In the wrath of the Forty-two.
Twas the piper of the Forty-two,
And a thousand souls went mad,
For the Black Watch flew to the gates of Loos.

As the call of the piper led
In the front of the killed host,
In the face of the guns, he blew,
Till his battle-blast was lost
In the wrath of the Forty-two.
Twas the piper of the Forty-two,
And a thousand souls went mad,
For the Black Watch flew to the gates of Loos.

As the call of the piper led
In the front of the killed host,
In the face of the guns, he blew,
Till his battle-blast was lost
In the wrath of the Forty-two.
Twas the piper of the Forty-two,
And a thousand souls went mad,
For the Black Watch flew to the gates of Loos.

As the call of the piper led
In the front of the killed host,
In the face of the guns, he blew,
Till his battle-blast was lost

THE WAR.

TO-DAY'S TELEGRAMS.

(Reuter's Service to the China Mail)

WHERE THE BLOOD FALLS.

EXCITEMENT IN PRUSSIAN DIET.

AMSTERDAM, Jan. 18. In the course of the Budget debate in the Prussian Diet remarkable and insistent demands were made for a reform of the Prussian franchise by Herr Hirsch, a Socialist, who further demanded the complete restoration of the independence of Belgium.

Herr Heydebrand (Conservative) declared it to be contrary to the interests of the country to settle the franchise question now, because the end of the war was not yet apparent. Firm determination was still necessary.

Herr Heydebrand was constantly interrupted when he proceeded to lay on the Entente Powers the responsibility for the continuation of the war. Herr Liebknecht and other Socialists shouting "The blood falls on you who are keeping the truth from the people."

MONTENEGRO.

SURRENDER OR RUIN.

ROME, Jan. 18. It is stated that the terms of the Austro-Montenegrin arrangement are that Montenegro order fourteen in exchange for an Adriatic port, and independence.

King Nicholas has issued a proclamation in which he says it was a case of surrender or ruin.

GERMAN AUXILIARY WARSHIP FOUNDERS.

COPENHAGEN, Jan. 18. A small German auxiliary warship has foundered off Aero Island. The fate of the crew is unknown, but German uniforms and caps have been washed ashore.

ENEMY AEROPLANES BOMB ANCONA.

ANCONA, Jan. 18. Five enemy aeroplanes bombed Ancona. Only one person was killed and the damage done was slight.

"NEUTRAL PEACE CONFERENCE" ORGANISED.

THE HAGUE, Jan. 18. A neutral Peace Conference organised by Mr. Ford is to sit permanently at Stockholm. It is styled "A Continuous Committee of Conciliation."

A CANADIAN ARMY OF HALF A MILLION.

OTTAWA, Jan. 18. In the House of Commons Sir Wilfrid Laurier affirmed Canada's spontaneous desire to do her duty to bring the war to a successful conclusion, and promised to support the raising of the Canadian forces to half-a-million. He emphasised, however, that this must not preclude conscription.

The Premier replied dwelling optimistically on the immediate prospects, and paying a tribute to the Canadian people for having already sent 120,000 troops and having 230,000 under arms. He emphatically repeated that the Government had no intention of introducing conscription.

SOCIALISTS AND COMPULSION.

LONDON, Jan. 18. Those who are opposing compulsory service "in the name of the masses" are trenchantly denounced in a manifesto issued by the Socialist Defence Committee. It says the objection to Compulsion in the present circumstances is hypocrisy. "Direct and indirect compulsion is the keynote of the edifice of Trades Unionism." It stigmatises as a bungling and a coward any eligible Trade Unionist now refusing to enlist.

NEW POSTMASTER GENERAL.

LONDON, Jan. 18. Mr. Asquith announced in the House of Commons that Mr. Joseph Peace had been appointed Postmaster General.

"THE BLOCKADE FARGE."

REMARKABLE AMERICAN FIGURES.

LONDON, Jan. 18. The Morning Post, under the heading "The Blockade Farge" publishes a Washington telegram giving remarkable figures of the exports from America to neutral countries in the first ten months of 1915, and the corresponding figures for 1913 viz:—

	1913	1915
Wheat (bushels)	18,000,000	50,000,000
Maize ()	13,750,000	23,950,000
Flour (barrels)	1,417,000	5,100,000
Bacon (pounds)	30,900,000	91,500,000
Beets (pairs)	482,000	4,800,000
Cotton (bales)	53,000	1,100,000
Automobiles and parts	\$ 1,300,000	\$20,000,000
The American exports to Germany were:—		
Wheat (bushels)	12,000,000	15,000
Maize ()	6,000,000	15,000
Flour (barrels)	140,000	all
Bacon (pounds)	110,000	273,000
Beets (pairs)	471,000	all
Cotton	1,700,000	194,000
Automobiles	\$775,000	\$2,800

It is stated that London from Dr. Page, (the Ambassador) and Colonel House (the President's Special Envoy in Europe), information that a more stringent blockade of Germany will shortly be enforced.

These reports have been received with satisfaction by Americans as it is thought that an effective blockade will end a dangerous controversy over neutral commerce.

HEAVY REQUISITIONING OF SHIPS.

LONDON, Jan. 18. The heavy requisitioning of ships on Government account is keenly discussed in Shipping circles.

It appears, the Times says, that vessels are being requisitioned to load cargoes of coal for Italy and elsewhere. They will then be released on condition that they load home-ward cargoes of grain.

It is understood that vessels in the Eastern Mediterranean have been released on condition that they load cargoes at Indian ports, including a stipulated proportion of manganese ore, which is required for the manufacture of munitions.

RUBBER FOR GERMANY.

FINES IMPOSED IN AMERICA.

NEW YORK, Jan. 18. Five Germans and a Rubber Company have been fined sums ranging from \$10 to \$150 for conspiracy to ship rubber to Germany.

IRELAND AND COMPULSION.

SPEECH BY MR. REDMOND.

LONDON, Jan. 18. In the course of a speech in the House of Commons Mr. Redmond pointed to the large proportions of men of Irish blood in the Australian, South African and Canadian contingents.

A MORE VIGOROUS PROSECUTION OF THE WAR.

LONDON, Jan. 18. Unionist and Liberal Committees pledged to a more vigorous prosecution of the war now number respectively 120 and 40, and both are growing.

CHINESE TELEGRAMS.

(Wah Tse Yat Po's Service.)

THE PORTUGUESE MINISTER APPOINTED AS ADVISER.

PEKING, Jan. 19. The Chinese Government has engaged the Portuguese Minister as adviser in regard to personnel for a period of three years.

ENTHRONEMENT EXPENSES.

PEKING, Jan. 19. The Minister of Finance has handed \$200,000 to "The Great Occasion Preparation Bureau" for enthronement expenses.

(Wah Tse Yat Po's Service.)

REPORTED RISING IN KWEICHOW.

PEKING, Jan. 19. The China Press of Shanghai states that Kweichow merchants have received a telegram from Kweichow stating that the province has actually declared its independence and that Lung Kun Cheong, the Governor, has left.

SPECIAL DEFENCE FORCES.

PEKING, Jan. 19. The Government will establish special defence forces in Honan, Szechuan and Kwangsi Provinces.

EARLIER TELEGRAMS.

(Reuter's Service to the China Mail.)

MONTENEGRO UNCONDITIONALLY SURRENDERS TO AUSTRIA.

AMSTERDAM, Jan. 18. A telegram from Budapest says that Count Tisza announced in the Chamber of Deputies that Montenegro had requested the opening of peace negotiations. He said: "We replied demanding unconditional capitulation. I have just received the news that Montenegro has agreed to an unconditional surrender. Therefore when the capitulation is accomplished peace negotiations will begin."

BRITISH CONFIDENCE IN VICTORY.

MESSAGE BY MR. ASQUITH.

LONDON, Jan. 17. A message from Mr. Asquith, published at Petrograd, says: "I am confident that we will witness the consummation of the hopes of the Allies in the final overthrow of the common enemy."

Mr. Rudyard Kipling, in a message to Russia on the occasion of the New Year, says: "I cannot look for peace before Germany is taught that there is a God other than her own lust. We, your Allies, will never forget Russia's inflexible fortitude and sacrifice."

BRITISH COMBINED ATTACK AT GIVENCHY.

EXCELLENT RESULTS ACHIEVED.

LONDON, Jan. 17. A communiqué says that on Sunday night the enemy displayed some activity with trench-mortars and bombs at Givenchy. On Monday we made a combined attack with bombs, rifle grenades, and trench-mortars at the same place with excellent results.

Our bombardment was effective at Frelinghien, Zwarteleen, and north of Ypres, where a large Bre was caused behind the enemy's lines. Hostile artillery was active about Ypres.

WORK OF THE FRENCH LONG-RANGE GUNS.

PARIS, Jan. 18.

The evening communiqué says: "Our long-range guns inflicted considerable loss on an assemblage of enemy troops in Belgium, and damaged enemy depots on the heights of the Meuse."

We effectively shelled enemy trenches between the Somme and the Aisne and damaged German works north-west of Berry-au-Bac.

VIGOROUS ITALIAN COUNTER-OFFENSIVE.

ROME, Jan. 18. A communiqué says that the Italian bombardment of Fort Rabl on the frontier of the Trentino destroyed a portion of a cupola and put an enemy detachment to flight.

A vigorous Italian counter-offensive in the hills around Oslavia continues successfully.

FIGHTING IN PERSIA.

PETROGRAD, Jan. 17.

A communiqué says that in the fight at Kangavar we took prisoners. The enemy left numerous dead. Our losses were insignificant. South-east of Hamadan we drove back a Turco-German detachment.

ROYAL PATRIOTIC FUND.

PRINCE OF WALES ON HIS EXPERIENCES.

LONDON, Jan. 18. H.R.H. the Prince of Wales presided at a meeting of the Royal Patriotic Fund at St. James' Palace. He said that his experiences at the Front would leave imperishable memories of the dauntless courage and cheerful endurance of the British troops. His Royal Highness emphasised that the Fund must endeavour to prevent soldiers' families from suffering hardship, and announced that the Fund would be able to augment pensions in exceptional cases and also to extend benefits to dependants hitherto unrecognized. Mr. McKenna recommended a grant of £1,000,000 be placed at the Committee's disposal.

COMPULSORY SERVICE BILL.

LONDON, Jan. 18.

In the House of Commons, in the Committee stage of the Military Service Bill, some of the Ulsterites moved an amendment to include Ireland in the provisions of the Bill. Speeches of Ulsterites and Nationalists alike were very moderate.

Mr. Bonar Law deprecated the amendment to the Bill. The Bill aimed at getting the men absolutely necessary in a way that would cause the least friction. To press the amendment would weaken the country in its struggle.

Mr. John Redmond feared that the exclusion of Ireland would lead to cruel and unjust misrepresentation. Ireland had done and was doing all that the military authorities asked. To force the Bill on Ireland would mean playing into the hands of a small minority.

Sir Edward Carson said that in view of Mr. Bonar Law's declaration the amendment would not be pressed.

OPIUM FOR MEDICINAL PURPOSES.

LONDON, Jan. 17.

Reuter's Agency learns in connection with the decision of the Raj to allow the export of opium to Britain for medicinal purposes that the Imperial Institute is making researches in order to determine the varieties of Indian opium which are most valuable for these purposes. The Institute is also investigating the value of the Egyptian base for the manufacture of atropine. Much attention is also being directed to the value of oil seeds.

OBITUARY.

THE RIGHT HON. ARNOLD MORLEY.

LONDON, Jan. 18. The death is recorded of the Right Hon. Arnold Morley, P.C., formerly Chief Liberal Whip and Postmaster-General, and latterly Chairman of the Dominions Commission.

CORRESPONDENCE.

PIPES FOR MEN IN THE TRENCHES.

(To the Editor of the "CHINA MAIL.")

DEAR SIR,

I desire to thank the following for contributing to the "Pipe Fund": Stanley Smith, G. Byers, F. D. Disceker, Leslie Hallward, F. Matland, Dorothy and Joyce Holyoak, G. Penneath, A. Denison, Naval Yard Football Match and Concert.

Lists Nos. 1 to 6 (already acknowledged) \$804.73
List No. 6 (acknowledged above) 206.51

Total amount collected ... \$1,011.26

Remitted on 13th Nov., 1915 (at ex. 1/104/16) 458.1.10

Remitted on 19th Jan., 1916 (at ex. 1/114) 230.4.8

Loss on small coin exchange 6.26

Total amount collected ... \$1,011.26

I take this opportunity to express my sincere thanks to all who have kindly contributed to the "Pipe Fund." Thanking you for the courtesy of the columns of your paper,

I am, Sir, Yours truly,
ETHEL H. HARVEY.
Hongkong, 19th January, 1916.

LOCAL MEN AND OFFICIAL APPOINTMENTS.

(To the Editor of the "CHINA MAIL.")

Sir,—Your correspondent "Hongkong Boy," being perhaps too young to remember the names of several local gentlemen who have faithfully served the Crown, and are now either deceased or actually enjoying well-earned pensions, has overlooked a score of names of those who have occupied high positions in the Hongkong Civil Service. For instance:—Mr. J. M. A. de Silva (deceased) in his time the doyen of the Civil Service. He was the first to install the Government Telegraphic Service and on his retirement he held the post of first clerk in the Audit Office; Mr. Francisco Machado was British Postmaster in Hongkong for many years until his retirement; Messrs. José Machado and A. M. G. de Silva were both in succession chief clerks of the General Post Office when they retired on pension; Messrs. Felipe Machado and A. Botelho (both deceased) and J. L. S. Alves were all first clerks at the Harbour Office when they retired; Mr. J. G. Koeha (deceased) was chief accountant at the G.P.O.; Mr. J. M. S. Alves (deceased) was first clerk at P.W.D.; Mr. A. P. Guterres, superintendent of the Mercantile Marine Office; Mr. F. X. Souza, first clerk at the Police Office; Mr. Xavier, chief accountant at the Supreme Court; Mr. L. Almeida e Castro (deceased) first clerk, Imports and Exports Office; and perhaps there are some others that escape my memory, besides numerous subordinate officers who are now enjoying their pensions.—I remain,

Yours &c.

OBSERVATOR.

CURE THAT COUGH.

WHEN you have a troublesome cough, it does not mean that you have consumption or that you are going to have it, but it does mean that your lungs are threatened, and it is just as well to be on the safe side and take Chamberlain's Cough Remedy before it is too late. For sale by all Chemists and Druggists.

TO LIST.

FURST CLASS SHOP in Chater Road, whole at part; lane at rear.

Apply: CHARK & CO.

Hongkong, Jan. 19, 1916.

CHINA'S NEUTRALITY.

SOME GERMAN COMPLAINTS AND THE ANSWERS TO THEM.

(Continued from yesterday's issue.)

A CARGO OF BRITISH AMMUNITION.

X.—That on Sept. 12, 1914, the British ship, "Shanghai," belonging to Butterfield and Swire, took on board in Tientsin a cargo of English ammunition. In reply to the German Consul, the Commissioner of Customs stated that according to the information given him by the British Consul-General, the "Shanghai" was a transport ship of the British Government and was not subject to the control of the Customs.

[It is understood that when the incident occurred, the Central Government directed the Commissioner of Foreign Affairs at Tientsin to investigate the matter, and he reported that the ammunition was being transported by the "Shanghai" to Weihaiwei. The cargo not having a hostile destination, the incident cannot very well be considered as a violation of China's neutrality.]

AN INCIDENT AT AMOY.

XI.—That the Commissioner of Customs at Amoy, advised a Chinese steamer, "Chienkang," on Sept. 19, 1914, that no German reserves or volunteers for Tientsin should be taken on board.

[It appears that there was a party of German missionaries intending to go to Shanghai and the British and the Japanese Consuls requested the Chinese Government that they should be prevented from so doing. The Commissioner of Foreign Affairs at Amoy then received a telegraphic instruction in which it was stated that the German missionaries, not being in military uniform and carrying no arms, could not be treated as combatants but that if they should be interfered with in the journey, it was done at the risk of the individual individuals concerned. The Chinese Government not being responsible. The Commissioner of Foreign Affairs subsequently reported that the said Germans had all embarked on their contemplated trip.]

ANOTHER "WIRELESS" CASE.

XII.—That when Tientsin was being attacked, an Englishman from the Union Mission in Chingchow, established in the railway station at the Tientsin-Kiaochow Railway station for wireless telegraphy. [The wireless station of the Union Mission at Chingchow was established since March, 1914, for carrying on experiments in electricity. The establishment of the wireless station was effected at a time when there was not the slightest indication of a general European conflict. It could not be considered to have been ordered primarily for hostile use against the Germans.]

AEROPLANES IN TRANSIT.

XIII.—That from the middle of February up to March 25th, 90 aeroplanes, including aeroplanes of French origin, were landed at Shanghai and were transported to Vladivostok addressed to General G. G. G. The shipment consisted of 15 400 g. machines. [It is true that between February and March some sixty cases containing parts of aeroplanes, war-time to time declared at the Shanghai Customs for transshipment to Vladivostok, but being carried in the boxes were not opened for examination. It was therefore not ascertained how many flying machines there were in the different cases.]

THE CASE OF A NEWSPAPER.

XIV.—That there was established in Shanghai in the French Consulate a Chinese newspaper known as the "Ou-Chan-Sin" which was edited by members of the French Consulate. The Postmaster of the Chinese Post Office in Shanghai who was a Frenchman, gave the paper special rates in order to facilitate its circulation. [The Chinese Government have no knowledge of the facts of this case.]

THE QUESTION OF ZINC.

XV.—That since Dec. 1914, the export of zinc from Yunnan to Indo-China daily increased, and the material was further sent to ammunition factories in France. The Chemical Union of Indo-China made a contract with a French firm in Yunnan for the delivery of 10,000 tons of zinc. By using from May 1915, there were daily about five carloads of zinc carried from Yunnan to Haiphong. At the end of March, 1915, the Chinese Government forbade the export of zinc, but this prohibition was removed in the middle part of April through the pressure of the Allies. [Zinc, it is to be observed, is not a commercial commodity and is not munitions of war. The exportation of zinc was at one time prohibited because the supply of the mineral was not equal to its demand in this country. The prohibition was removed to be temporary and was not removed through the pressure of the Allies as suggested by the "Argonauts."]

A COMPLAINT ABOUT BOOTS.

XVI.—That the Shanghai Tannery Co., an English concern in Shanghai, undertook to supply the Russian Government with 60,000 pair of military boots, at \$6 per pair. According to the Customs report, on May 10th and 13th and on August 13th 600 pair of boots were shipped from Shanghai to Vladivostok. [The boots, as appearing in the Customs reports, are apparently ordinary footwear exported by merchants in their usual course of business.]

ANOTHER CASE OF BOOTS.

XVII.—That in July, 1915, a Russian agent ordered from the Franco-Chinese Tannery, a French concern and a Russian Tannery, 150,000 pair of military boots. The boots were not accepted owing to their being made of poor material. [The Chinese Government, it seems, received a protest from the German Minister on the subject. The Chinese authorities in Tientsin were instructed to make an investigation. They reported that the manager of the Franco-Chinese Tannery was questioned and replied that his company dealt only in leather and did not manufacture boots and that they had never made any agreement with any Russian for the exportation of leather or hides.]

(To be continued.)

TO-day's Advertisements

TO LIST.

FURST CLASS SHOP in Chater Road, whole at part; lane at rear.

Apply: CHARK & CO.

Hongkong, Jan. 19, 1916.

BALSAMIC

COUGH LINCTUS

The mild and soothing influence which this preparation has, classifies it among the most valuable of its kind, in cases of Cough, Asthma, Bronchitis, Shortness of Breathing or Difficulty of Expectoration; and while it removes the accumulation of phlegm, from its Tonic and Astringent virtues it prevents its formation, and always irritation of the membranes of the throat and chest, finally leading to such fatal results as are susceptible of future irritation and disease.

\$1.00 and \$1.50 per bottle.

QUEEN'S DISPENSARY.

HARPER & Co., Ltd.

TEL. 492.

51, Queen's Road Central.

THE HANDY BOAT FOR MACAO

THE S.S. "OHUEN OHOW"

THE ONLY BOAT LEAVING AT 5 P.M. EVERY DAY.

Back again by noon on the following day

SUNDAY—Leaves Macao 1.30 P.M. Arrives Hongkong about 6 P.M.

FARES.—First Class \$2 Single; \$3 Return (Saloon).

First Class \$1 "1.50" (Saloon) for Chinese

Second Class \$0.50 Single; \$1 Return

Electric Fan throughout. First Class Attention. Ample Saloon and Cabin Accommodation.

Passengers may sleep on board without additional charge on rate a Week only.

A handy hand with a hammer can do it well!

But we employ men who are expert to demonstrate the best way to use

"MALTHOID"

These men have learned from experience and will give you the benefit of their experience.

FREE!

It will make a great difference in your roof!

BREAD! GLASS! WATERPROOF! LIGHT! SAFE! SHOWPROOF!

Agents, BRADLEY & Co., Ltd.

HONGKONG.

THE LANCET SAYS.

D. C. L.

MALT EXTRACT.

Possesses all the satisfactory Characters of a Malt Extract that is concentrated with Care, and with a due regard to the requirements that it is destined to fulfil.

THE DISTILLERS COMPANY LTD. EDINBURGH.

Price per 1 lb. Jar . . . \$1.00

" 2 lb. Jar . . . \$1.80

SOLE AGENTS:

Gande, Price & Co., Ltd

Tel. No. 185

6, Queen's Road Central,

HONGKONG.

